

# SPORTS

## AN INDOOR RIFLE RANGE FOR N. G. H. CHINESE A. C. AGAIN WINS OUT

The National Guard of Hawaii will in all probability, shortly have an indoor target in which, by the aid of the Winder system of targets, rifle practice can be secured for all distances up to 1000 yards. Adjutant General J. W. Jones yesterday submitted to Governor Frear for his approval plans for such an indoor rifle range to be located on the lot belonging to the government facing on Beretania avenue next to Dr. Angur's office, mauka of the Drill Shed lot.

The building as proposed will be 60x80 feet, one-story high, 20 feet in the clear. The walls will be of concrete and otherwise made bullet proof so that there will be no danger from its use as a rifle range.

The Winder system of targets, by which the effect and experience of shooting at long distances is secured, consists essentially in a target placed at a known and definite distance, say the fifty feet possible in this range; above this visible target and at a distance and position mathematically calculated, is a target invisible to the marksman. If now, for instance, he desires to practice at, say, 1000 yards range, he elevates the sights of his gun for the 1000 yards distance, and aims at the visible target. Of course, his bullet will pass far above the visible target and will penetrate the invisible target and register the exact spot on it that it would have done had the shot been at a visible target 1000 yards away. By the same principle allowance is made for windage and other factors in rifle shooting.

The plans that have been drawn have been prepared by Civil Engineer Southworth of the Public Works Department. As designed the range will cost about \$2500 for which the money is ready in the First National Bank on the approval of the Governor, being a part of the federal appropriation for the National Guard, and authorized to be used for this purpose on the Governor's approval.

## REUTER IS HIT HARD BY SAINTS

(From Sunday's Advertiser.)

A fair-sized crowd of interested fans gathered at the baseball park yesterday afternoon to see the exhibition game played between the St. Louis Cardinals and the Picked Team. The latter were weakened by the loss of Vannatta and Fernandez. Still it is very doubtful if they would have won had they had the services of these two fast players. Reuter showed lack of practice and was hit hard at all stages of the game. It was very hot and the big fellow seemed to tire as the game progressed. On the other side Clowm pitched winning ball. He was playing under instructions to speed them over and he took orders and they worked, as the result of the score will show.

The Saints hit when there were men on bases and it was their superior stick work that turned the trick. Hits were made with men on bases and they proved disastrous.

In the first two innings especially Reuter was landed on hard and enough runs were scored right here to carry them through. After the second inning the boys all settled down and some very pretty fielding was indulged in. Hampton, Evers, Williams and Soper all came in for their share of applause from the stand. Fernandez made a pretty running catch in center and in all some real clever stunts were pulled off. The game was a very fast one and it took but a short time to run off the nine innings. Had there been a larger crowd to applaud the game would have proved more interesting.

Harry Burns broke into the game again and played for the Saints in right field. He had no chance to show himself in the game.

Next Saturday the same two teams will play again and on this date there will be a baseball field day pulled off. Base running, ball throwing and batting will be indulged in.

Inasmuch as there is quite a difference of opinion as to who are the fastest men on the base lines this feature should prove quite interesting.

Following is the lineup and score by innings of yesterday's game:

Saints.—Jim Williams, 2b; Evers, ss; John Williams, 3b; Lo On, lf; Geo. Burns, 1b; Fernandez, cf; H. Burns, rf; Leslie, p; Soares, c.

Picked Team.—Lemon, lf; Desha, ss; Hampton, 3b; Darcy, 2b; Lyman, cf; W. Chillingworth, rf; Soper, 1b; Kia, cf; Reuter, p.

123456789  
Saints.....130000200-6  
Picked Team.....000010000-1  
Umpire—W. H. Babbitt.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY**  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.  
PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

(From Monday's Advertiser.)

The Chinese Athletics have certainly proved that they can play baseball better than the Chinese Alohas. This was shown at the game yesterday afternoon at Aala Park when the Alohas were defeated by the score of 10 to 3. The game was well played throughout and the fans have had a day of rooting and yelling.

In the first inning the Chinese Athletics failed to score, but their opponents the Chinese Alohas brought in three runs to their credit. This started the crowd and their voices could be heard for quite a distance and the Aloha supporters kept it up until the fourth inning when the Athletics scored six runs through the poor fielding work of the Aloha boys, who were playing as though they were half asleep. This was quite discouraging to the Aloha rooters, who were not heard any more. The Chinese Athletics came in with another three in the fifth inning and added one more in the seventh.

V. Ayau pitched a good game for four innings, when he was substituted by Albert Akana, who proved that he can pitch good ball. In the last half of the ninth inning, Ayau brought in another run for the Alohas, thus making the score 10 to 4. John Lo and Chi Bul who formed the Athletics' battery played a steady game all through and their plays brought forth applause from the Athletics' supporters.

The winning of this game, gave the Athletics a better chance for the Riverside League banner than any other team of the league. Next Sunday, the Palama A. C., who are tied in the second series with the Chinese A. C., will have their last chance for the trophy. If the Chinese Athletics manage to beat the Palamas, they will be the happiest club in Honolulu. It will be remembered that the Chinese Athletic Club won the banner of last year's series.

The lineup and score by innings was: Chinese Athletic Club—Sing Chong, ss; W. Ayau, cf; J. Lo, p; Chi Bul, c; Akina, rf; Ed Ayau, 2b; Hong Chack, 2b; Eng Sang, 1b; K. Y. Ching, rf.

Chinese Alohas—A. Akana, 2b; V. Ayau, ss; Quon Chew, c; F. L. Akana, 3b; Geo. Lim, lf; W. Aki, ss; 2b; W. Ting Kwai, rf; Ho Yup, 1b; Aukal, cf.

123456789  
Chinese A. C.....000630100-10  
Chinese Alohas.....300000000-4

SUMMARY.

Two-base hits—Quon Chew 2, Chi Bul.

Base on balls—Lo 4, Ayau 3, Akana 3.

Wild pitch—V. Ayau.

Hit by pitcher—H. Chack.

Stolen bases—Akana, Chew, Aki, W. Ayau, Chi Bul, Akina, E. Ayau and H. Chack.

Passed balls—Chi Bul 1, Chew 3.

Struck out—Lo 4, Ayau 3, Akana 4.

Umpire—Evers.

Score—Rapoza.

## RACE TRACK AT MOANALUA

S. M. Damon, who has done more for golf and polo than anyone else in the Territory, maintaining at his own expense grounds for both of these games, is considering the laying out of a race track, where the sport of kings can be carried on in a manner that will probably reinstate it in popular favor.

On the level grounds of the estate, Ewa of the golf links, a six furlong track has already been surveyed and staked out and tentative plans are laid for going ahead with this and putting it into shape.

Mr. Damon is reported to have said that he would be very glad to see the sport of horseracing flourishing here again, if properly conducted. He leaves in a short time for England, where he will look into the arrangements at some of the best tracks of the country, securing suggestions which might be adopted here. On his return he will probably go ahead with the fitting up of the surveyed course at Moanalua.

The beautiful golf links and polo field on his estate are practically given over to the public use by Mr. Damon, in the fostering of clean sport, and it is probable that the track which Mr. Damon will have laid out will be equally devoted to public use provided a reputable jockey club be formed. In such an event Honolulu may have once more good horse racing, cleanly conducted.

## ROAD AROUND ROUND TOP.

A conference was held yesterday between Governor Frear and Land Commissioner Pratt, at which it was decided to have a preliminary survey made of the proposed new Tantalus road. It is proposed that this road shall start from the already decided on Makiki Slopes road, some distance above the Makiki reservoir, and, turning off to the right, climb Round Top by an easy grade above F. M. Swamy's house, and, passing around Round Top on the Manoa Valley side, pass the Alexander mountain house and join the Tantalus road.

The road will open up and make available a large amount of government land suitable for mountain residences. This it is proposed to sell, and build the road with half the proceeds, as may be done under the law.

Rev. Douglas E. Birnie, who preceded Dr. Kincaid as pastor of Central Union church, will be one of those in attendance at the Mohonk Conference.

## LILIHIA STREET TRIAL IS ENDED

The Liliha street people's injunction suit against the Rapid Transit Company is all finished now except the filing of briefs, the decision of Judge De Bolt, and the appeal that is sure to be taken whichever side wins.

All the testimony on both sides, direct and in rebuttal, was in by 11:30 o'clock yesterday forenoon. E. C. Peters, for the Liliha street people, suggested that the argument be by way of briefs. D. L. Withington, for the company, said he was ready to proceed with oral argument at once. Judge De Bolt suggested that he was willing to sit a little later than twelve o'clock noon, and that he would like it if each side would make oral argument to the extent of outlining their position and their theory of the case, and then the briefs could be filed later. This suggestion was accepted, and about an hour was consumed in oral argument, altogether. The last brief is to be in by Saturday noon next.

Former Governor Carter was the leading witness yesterday. He testified to the meetings and committees in regard to the proposed change in schedule with which he was connected. He gave an account of the various conferences in behalf of the people of Liliha street, concluding with the one at the office of Castle & Withington, at which, as a compromise for the fifteen-minute schedule, a ten-minute schedule for the rush hours and a twenty-minute schedule for the rest of the time was proposed. Governor Carter testified that he agreed to that compromise for himself, and agreed that he would urge its acceptance by the people as being the best that could be done under all the circumstances. W. L. Howard, F. T. P. Waterhouse and L. L. McCandless all testified to the same matters. Their testimony as to what occurred did not differ materially, though it was clear that there was considerable difference of opinion among them as to just what the committee should do after this conference, whether to call another meeting to report back, or what. There seems to have been some sort of an understanding that there was to be another conference between representatives of the people and the company, though this seems to have been somewhat indefinite. As a matter of fact, there was a meeting of the Liliha street people where it was decided to hire a lawyer and act on his advice. Peters was hired and his advice was to act quickly, before the company acted; and the injunction suit was the result.

The following are the witnesses who testified in the case: C. G. Ballentyne, Alonzo J. Wilson, E. C. Peters, Dr. C. B. High, C. V. E. Dove, F. T. P. Waterhouse, N. E. Gedge, John Akau, E. A. Berndt, J. D. McNerny, E. P. Fogarty, Oliver Stillman, W. H. McNerny, P. Silva, John C. Lane, J. O. Young, Albert F. Judd, W. W. Thayer, G. L. Samson, C. D. Samson, J. H. Schnack, James L. Holt, George R. Carter, W. L. Howard and L. L. McCandless.

In presenting his argument and his theory of the case, E. C. Peters, for the Liliha street people, quoted Section 841 of the Revised Statutes as follows: "The said association and others shall at all times maintain a sufficient number of cars to be used upon said railway for the carriage of passengers, as public convenience may require, and such other cars designed for the carriage of mails, parcels and goods as they may deem necessary."

The duty imposed by this was a duty measured by public convenience. That duty could be enforced only by the Territory, not by individuals. As a public service corporation, the company had received an exclusive franchise. It owed duties which could be enforced. In this proceeding the public convenience was a matter of fact to be established by evidence, and the evidence was uncontradicted that anything less than a ten-minute service would not meet the public convenience.

In reply, D. L. Withington argued that the company supplied sufficient cars, as was shown by the fact that the Liliha street cars had a seating capacity of 38, and carried an average of eight persons as against an average of eighteen on the Waialae line. He held that the authorities were all to the effect that the proper remedy in cases against public service corporations was mandamus and not injunction, but that the authorities were overwhelming that mandamus would lie against a board of directors to require them to change schedules, the making of schedules being left by the law to the business purposes of the corporations.

It was also argued that the present Liliha street service was being run at an average cost of \$1854 a month and was taking in an average of about \$1400 a month.

## CASES ARGUED BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT

In the Supreme Court yesterday the exceptions from the First Circuit Court in the case of Taurua vs. T. F. Farm were argued and an oral decision was rendered overruling the exceptions.

Exceptions in the case of Omoto Bunichi vs. Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Co. were also argued by E. C. Peters for the plaintiff and John W. Cathcart for the defendant. This was an appeal from a judgment against the street car company for the death of a Japanese child at Pawaa Junction. The matter was submitted and taken under advisement by the court.

## DIVORCE GRANTED.

Judge De Bolt yesterday granted a divorce to John K. Hiram from Annie K. Hiram on the ground of desertion continuing since the year 1901. The custody of two children—Kaolai, aged 7 and Elizabeth, aged 6—is given to the mother.

## A MEMORIAL TABLET IN KAWAIAHAO CHURCH

A memorial tablet to Mrs. Haalelea, right of the one placed to the memory of her husband Levi Haalelea, and his brother Richard Haalilio has been placed in Kawaiahao church and will be unveiled next Sunday.

The tablet is a mural one on the

In memory of  
Levi Haalelea  
1828--1864  
His Wife  
Ululani A. A. Haalelea  
1842--1904  
and  
Richard Haalilio  
1808--1844

The tablet arrived from New York a few weeks ago and was placed in the church last Sunday when it was expected that some sort of dedicatory exercises would be held. The death of Mother Parker, the mother of the pastor of the church, intervened, and it was postponed until yesterday. But on account of communion services yesterday, the unveiling ceremonies were again postponed until next Sunday, when it is expected that they will be held. They will be very simple.

Rev. H. H. Parker, who has been pastor of the church since about the time of the death of the High Chief Levi Haalelea and throughout most of the life of the late Mrs. Haalelea, will give a biographical account of the three.

Mrs. Haalelea became a member of Kawaiahao church in her early life and was constant in her affection for it. One of the earliest church fairs in Honolulu, it is said, was gotten up and managed by her and resulted in about two thousand dollars for the benefit of the church.

The tablet is a gift from members of the church and friends of the deceased. Its cost was about \$100.

Levi Haalelea was one of the high chiefs who exerted much influence during the early years of the constitutional monarchy, after the Hawaiian people had been given civil rights and the King no longer exercised unbridled powers. His brother Richard Haalilio shared with him the power which the high chiefs exercised in those days.

The following regarding Mrs. Haalelea and her husband appeared in the Advertiser of May 1, 1904, shortly after her death:

The death of Mrs. Haalelea removes from the social circle of old Honolulu a most interesting personality. Her

## SUPREME COURT HANDS DOWN THREE DECISIONS

The Supreme Court yesterday handed down decisions in three cases. One of these was that of Carman vs. Carman and others, a bill to quiet title. The statement of the decision in the syllabus is that "Equity has no jurisdiction to declare a plaintiff's title and to remove a cloud upon it created by assertion of an adverse claim followed by acts of trespass and annoyance to the plaintiff where the respective claims depend upon the settlement of a legal controversy under a will."

In the appeal of A. W. T. Bottomley, trustee, vs. William A. Hall, the court decided among other things that it was the amount asked for in a suit and not the amount actually due that determined the jurisdiction of district courts.

The third case was that of Ah Sing and sixty-seven others. The bill of exceptions was dismissed on the ground that the defendants had elected to stand by their writ of error. Suit may now be brought on the bonds of the defendants.

## NEBRASKAN PILIKIA.

The American-Hawaiian steamship Nebraskan is in still further trouble. As was announced by the Advertiser a short time ago she left Salina Cruz for San Francisco late, on account of trouble with her engines, and was to have repairs made in the California port, going there for that purpose instead of coming direct to this city, according to her usual schedule.

Advices received by cable yesterday state that the Nebraskan left Salina Cruz but was compelled to put back again on account of further trouble and her date of arrival and her date of departure from San Francisco is therefore uncertain. Announcement of when she will leave for this city will be made through these columns as soon as it can be ascertained in cable advices.

## TIME GRANTED.

In the partition suit of Mallana (w) vs. Lellehua Kamakea (w) and others a stipulation has been filed in the Circuit Court giving the defendants four days in which to plead, answer or demur.

## TO SAVE BABES AT KALAUPAPA

The nursery for babies at the Laper Settlement is almost completed. The purpose of this institution is in line with the work of the homes for non-leprous boys and girls. The purpose of it is to take the babes of leprous mothers, with the parents' consent, as soon after birth as possible, and rear them free from the danger of contagion or infection. The nursery has room for twenty-eight infants, and is provided with all suitable appliances and necessities of such an institution, including means of cooking and preparing infants' food.

In addition to this the building for a contagious and infectious disease hospital—contagious and infectious diseases other than leprosy—is nearing completion. It will contain five rooms and will accommodate on occasion about twice that number of patients. All modern devices for contagious disease hospitals have been incorporated. It is so arranged that there is complete isolation and any cases of contagious or infectious diseases breaking out at the settlement can be perfectly isolated and properly handled.

The general hospital which has been planned for so long is now about to be commenced. The foundations are being laid and most of the material is on the ground. It will contain twenty-four beds. Besides these there will be changing and disinfecting rooms, shower baths for both male and female attendants, a drug room, and an operating room, and isolated kitchens and store rooms. From the kitchens the food will be sent into the wards on special food trucks and the dishes will be disinfected before going back to the kitchen. There will be a separate dining room for employees.

These institutions will all be located within convenient range of each other near the foot of the pali on the Kalaupapa side of the isthmus.

## ART LEAGUE TO MAKE SUGGESTIONS

The members of the Kilauea Art League have been asked to assist the Archive Commission in suggesting a suitable monument to mark the spot on which the first Hawaiian constitution was signed. Mrs. L. G. Marshall received the following letter, requesting the aid of the Art members, and it is probable that Mr. Rubenstein will be selected by the League as the one to look after the matter. The letter was:

"The Legislature at its last session, appropriated the sum of five hundred dollars for the erection, at Lahaina, Maui, of a monument to commemorate the promulgation of the first Hawaiian Constitution by Kamehameha III. The bill also provided that the work be done under the direction of the Archive Commission.

"The Board of Commissioners, at a meeting held August 29 last, directed me to communicate with the Kilauea Art League, asking if any of its members would be willing to aid the Board with suggestions as to a suitable monument. The Board will deem it a great favor if these suggestions be accompanied by a sketch.

"The monument is to be erected close to the shore line, and something that could be pointed out from passing steamers would be desirable, though the small amount available may preclude this, but possibly some of the members can suggest something to accomplish it, and come within the appropriation.

"If any of the members of the League are willing to contribute their talent to this object, suggestions of any kind will be most thankfully received by the undersigned.

"Very truly yours,

"R. C. LYDECKER.

"Librarian, Public Archives."

## HELM HARD A LEE.

Comdr. J. M. Helm, U. S. N., who arrived at San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 10, from the Asiatic Station, where he commanded the cruiser Galveston, is quoted as saying that the report from Honolulu of a mutiny or anything resembling a mutiny on the cruiser Raleigh during its stay there is a libel on one of the best ship's companies that ever manned an American warship. When the Raleigh arrived at Honolulu, says Captain Helm, the first duty was to coal ship, and until this was finished neither officers nor men were allowed shore liberty. The ship was coaled within two days and all hands, watch by watch, were allowed ashore. "I am sorry that story was printed," said Captain Helm. "In the first place, it is not true. There is no better discipline on any ship in the Navy than on the Raleigh, where the esprit de corps is unusually strong. The Raleigh made one of the best records for target practice and all round efficiency, neither of which would have been possible if such a state of affairs as the Honolulu papers asserted existed on board."—Army and Navy Gazette.

## TO THE PREACHER.

The preacher was making his annual call. In the midst of the conversation the small son of the family, named Reginald, came running in. His clothes were torn, and one of his eyes was blackened. "Reginald," said the preacher, "you've been fighting again. Your clothes are torn and you have a black eye. Fighting is very wicked. Come here and let me pray for you." "Aw, s'wan," said Reginald; "go home and pray for your own kid. He's got two black eyes!"—Tit-Bits.